

RT-PCR from Zebrafish Explants

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For preparation of either 1 whole embryo or 1 explant (usually a combination of 3-5 individual animal caps or other explant tissue)

- 1) Transfer embryo/explant into eppendorf tube, remove as much embryo medium as possible without disturbing the sample
- 2) Add 100 μ L of TRIZOL solution (Invitrogen) [At this point, the samples can be stored at -80°C or processed immediately.]
- 3) Mix the sample well by pipetting up and down. Add 20 μ L chloroform and shake well, let stand at RT, 3 min.
- 4) Centrifuge at 12k X g for 15 min at 4°C
- 5) Recover the aqueous solution, avoiding the interface. To the aqueous phase, add 1 μ L glycogen (20 mg/mL) and 50 μ L isopropanol, let stand at RT, 10 min.
- 6) Centrifuge at 12k X g for 10 min. at 4°C
- 7) Resuspend pellet in:
 - 5 μ L 10X DNase Buffer
 - 1 μ L RNase-free DNase
 - 44 μ L H_2OIncubate at 37°C for 30 min. to 1 hr.
- 8) Extract the reaction 1 time with phenol:chloroform
- 9) Precipitate with:
 - 1 μ L glycogen (20 mg/mL)
 - 5 μ L 3M NaOAc
 - 112.5 μ L EtOH
- 10) Resuspend in:
 - 11 μ L H_2O for cap samples
 - 250 μ L H_2O for whole embryo samples
- 11) RT reactions:
 - 11 μ L RNA (either the entire cap sample, or a small part of WE sample)
 - 1 μ L 25 μM random hexamersincubate at 70°C for 10 min., then snap freeze in icy water
add:
 - 4 μ L 5X 1st strand buffer
 - 2 μ L 0.1M DTT
 - 1 μ L 10 mM dNTPs
 - 1 μ L SuperScript Reverse Transcriptase (do NOT add for $-$ RT samples)incubate at 37°C for 2-4 hr., then heat inactivate enzyme at 95°C for 10 min.
- 12) PCR reactions:
 - 36.5 μ L H_2O
 - 5 μ L 10X buffer
 - 1 μ L 10mM dNTPs
 - 0.5 μ L HotStarTaq
 - 1 μ L each primer (20 μM)
 - 5 μ L template

cycles: hot start (15 min. @ 94°C)

1 min. @ 94°C] X 40-45 cycles
1 min. @ 55°C	
1 min. @ 72°C	
10 min. @ 72°C	